APAGBI SURVEY AND AUDIT SUB-COMMITTEE

Template Report for Surveys of the APA Membership

Survey Title:

APA survey of attitude to Emergency Drug Preparation prior to routine Paediatric Anaesthesia.

Survey Authors:

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Brief Description of Purpose:

The aim of this survey was to examine the current practice of Association of Paediatric Anaesthetists of Great Britain and Ireland (APAGBI) members and their attitudes to pre-drawn emergency drugs prior to every routine paediatric anaesthetic list.

Does this practice rescue critical events or could it lead to a potential false sense of security and unnecessary waste?

Category of Membership Surveyed: (e.g. all, home, overseas, linkmen, trainee) All

Dates of Survey:

December 2010

Number of Responses:

419

Outline Findings of Survey:

This survey has shown a wide variability in current practice amongst a representative sample of APA members.

The response rate was 42%. The majority (82%) of the respondents were consultant anaesthetists. Amongst the respondents 56% always, 25% sometimes and 19% never prepared emergency drugs prior to every paediatric anaesthetic case. Atropine (92%), suxamethonium (83%) and propofol (58%) were the

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commonest drugs drawn up. 68% of respondents wanted these emergency drugs available in the operating theatre, whereas only 22% wanted them in the

recovery / post anaesthesia care area.

54% of participants wanted the drugs predrawn in syringes, whereas 46% were

comfortable with the agents remaining in the ampoule.

Atropine was used on 2 or more occasions per month by 13% of contributors, the

comparative figure for suxamethonium was 2%.

4% of the respondents have had a critical adverse incident related to misuse of

the pre-drawn emergency drugs; 12% cite experience of a critical event related to

the non-availability of these drugs.

37% considered that drug wastage is a significant issue.

Intended Publication/Presentation:

Irish Paediatric Anaesthesia and Critical Care Society - April 2011 (Oral Presentation)

APA Annual Scientific meeting – May 2011 (Poster Presentation)

Intend to pursue Pediatric Anesthesia original paper report

Follow up Actions Required:

The divergence in clinical practice amongst paediatric anaesthetists in this potentially crucial area would suggest to us that a consensus expert position is required concerning

the role of emergency drugs in routine paediatric anaesthetic practice.

Other Comments:

Date Submitted to Survey Lead: 1/6/2011

Submitted by: Brendan O' Hare / Solmaz Nakhjavani